

SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Joint IDA / EDC / SCFC Audit Committee Meeting

Monday March 14th
At 2:00 PM

Held via Zoom Livestreamed for the public at

https://www.senecacountyida.org/livestream

Agenda

1.	Approval of Audit Committee Meeting Minutes / September 14, 2021	R
2.	*Presentation and Recommend Approval to IDA Board of 2021 IDA Audit and Management letter	R
3.	*Presentation and Recommend Approval to IDA Board of 2021 IDA Single Audit	R
4.	Review of IDA Long Term Forecast	
5.	Other Business	
6.	Adjournment	
	*Presentation of Audit by Lead Auditor, Michael J. DeBadts, CPA and John Rynkiewicz, CPA from the office Metzger Barr and Co, LLP a division of Raymond F. Wager, CPA, P.C.	of Mengel



SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES

Tuesday, September 14, 2021 1:00 p.m. DHS Conference Room Held Via Livestream

Attendance:

Members Present: Steve Brusso, IDA Chair; Thomas Kime (via phone)

Staff Present: Sarah Davis, Executive Director; Patricia Jones, Deputy Director and Kelly Kline, Office Manager

Other Attending: Robert E. Kernan Jr., IDA CFO

Call to Order:

Chair Brusso called the meeting to order at 1:00 p.m. A quorum of the Committee was present.

Approval of the Audit Committee Meeting Minutes of March 17, 2021:

The minutes of the Agency's Audit Committee Meeting of March 17, 2021 had been mailed to Committee members prior to the meeting. A motion was made by Mr. Kime to approve the minutes, Seconded by Mr. Brusso. Motion carried.

Approval of Engagement Letter / Mengel Metzger Barr & Co. LLP for the 2021 IDA Audit:

A copy of the 2021 IDA Annual Audit Engagement Letter from the office of Mengel Metzger Barr & Co, LLP was provided to Committee members prior to the meeting. The proposed fee for services totals \$12,625 which includes the Regular Audit at \$10,800 and the Single Audit at \$1.825. There is a modest increase in their fee of \$375. A motion was made by Mr. Kime approving the 2021 Annual Engagement Letter. Seconded by Mr. Brusso. Motion carried.

Recommend Approval of Proposed 2022 IDA Budget to IDA Board:

Committee Members had been provided a copy of the Proposed 2022 IDA Budget prior to the meeting. In accordance with PAAA the budget is to be posted to PARIS by November 1, 2021 however, committee members first need to recommend approval to the IDA Board. Ms. Davis provided the Committee an overview of the 2022 budget. The proposed budget reflected the following:

•	Total Operating Revenues measured	1,664,633
•	Total Operating Expenses measured	504,261
•	Net Operating Income (Loss) measured	1,160,372
•	Net Other Income / Expense measured	<u>0</u>
•	Net Income (Loss) Cash Basis measured	<u>1,160,372</u>

One item of note is the restructure of the 2022 IDA Budget whereby certain line items have been reclassified in the Operating Revenue, Operating Expense and Other Income and Expense categories of the Cash Flow Basis of the IDA Budget. The line item reclassifications were Seneca County Income, RLF Income, Property Sales and RLF Expenses. This was done to provide a more accurate portrayal of the of the proposed budget in relationship to the reporting of individual line items in the agency's Chart of Accounts. Another item of note is the creation of a new marketing position that was delayed in 2021 This position is expected to be filed in April 2022 with an anticipated annual salary of \$60,000. After discussion a motion was made by Mr. Kime recommending approval of the 2022 proposed IDA Budget to the full IDA Board. Seconded by Mr. Brusso. Motion carried.

Adjournment:

There being no further business a motion was made by Mr. Brusso at 1:25 pm to adjourn. Seconded by Mr. Kime. Motion carried.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert E. Kernan, Jr. SCIDA- CFO

IDA AUDIT

SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY A Component Unit of Seneca County

NEW YORK

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Seneca County Industrial Development Agency A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency (the Agency), a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York, as of December 31, 2021, and the changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Summarized Comparative Totals

We have previously audited the Agency's 2020 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit option on those audited financial statements in our report dated March 26, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Agency's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of the Agency contributions on pages 4–6 and 27-28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated, 2022 on
our consideration of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New
York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws,
regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our
testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an
opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit
performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Seneca County Industrial Development
Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rochester, New York , 2022

Seneca County Industrial Development Agency A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

December 31, 2021

INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency ("Agency"), New York's financial performance provides an overview of the Agency's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2021. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance understanding of the Agency's financial performance, which immediately follows this section.

SUMMARY INFORMATION

The Agency continued its support of both existing and new local employers through a variety of financing mechanisms, grant seeking and administration, public relations and business development initiatives. Companies such as BonaDent Dental Laboratories, ITT/Goulds Pumps, Scepter, Inc., and Deep Dairy Products are all actively hiring, stimulating growth of the local economy. The Agency continues to work with new owners of the former Seneca Army Depot and expects considerable business expansion to occur in the coming years. A major effort has been initiated to develop a county wide economic development strategy aimed at building Seneca County's competitive advantage as a place for business growth.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Agency's net position was \$4,426,136 at the end of 2021 as compared to \$5,367,356 at the end of 2020.
- The Agency's total operating revenues were \$146,795 in 2021 as compared to \$349,627, in 2020.
- The Agency's total operating expenses were \$1,147,317 in 2021 as compared to \$532,687 in 2020.
- The Agency's operating (loss) was (\$1,000,522) in 2021 as compared to (\$183,060) in 2020.
- The Agency's net investment in capital assets were \$1,013,916 at the end of 2021 as compared to \$1,754,340 in 2020 because of the sale of Sewer Line Infrastructure.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Agency's basic financial statements are entity-wide reporting on a proprietary fund that consists of basic operations and a revolving loan fund. Thus, the statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report information about the Agency as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Agency's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Agency's financial position or health. However, consideration should also be given to other factors, such as non-restricted current assets, and changes in the Agency's fee income and expenses to assess the overall health of the Agency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements also include notes that explain the information in the financial statements. They are essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Operations

	Operating Fund			Revolving Loan Fund					
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>			
Operating Revenues	\$ 134,699	\$ 335,480	\$ 225,350	\$ 12,096	\$ 14,147	\$ 17,897			
Operating Expenses	(1,143,008)	(529,242)	(611,928)	(4,309)	(3,445)	(1,695)			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,008,309)	\$ (193,762)	\$ (386,578)	\$ 7,787	\$ 10,702	\$ 16,202			
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	59,157	112,795	247,635	145	132	99			
Change in Net Position	\$ (949,152)	\$ (80,967)	\$ (138,943)	\$ 7,932	\$ 10,834	\$ 16,301			

Operating fund revenues decreased \$200,781 during 2021 over 2020 and 2020 operating revenues were higher than 2019 revenues by \$110,130.

The excess of non-operating revenues in the Operating Fund decreased \$53,638 during 2021 under 2020, while during 2020 decreased by \$134,840 under 2019.

Net Position

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current Assets (net)	\$ 3,159,341	\$ 3,285,343	\$ 3,062,496
Non-Current Assets	353,161	437,067	626,062
Capital Assets	1,013,916	1,754,340	 1,811,228
Total Assets	\$ 4,526,418	\$ 5,476,750	\$ 5,499,786
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$ 77,987	\$ 99,313	\$ 59,273
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current Liabilities	\$ 99,374	\$ 103,855	\$ 80,944
Non-Current Liabilities	99,589	204,091	 28,630
Total Liabilities	\$ 198,963	\$ 307,946	\$ 109,574
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$ 78,680	\$ 4,616	\$ 11,946
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,013,916	\$ 1,754,340	\$ 1,811,228
Restricted	1,287,177	1,279,245	1,353,907
Unrestricted	2,125,043	2,333,771	 2,272,354
Total Net Position	\$ 4,426,136	\$ 5,367,356	\$ 5,437,489

The difference between total assets and total liabilities is the net position of the Agency. The net position includes the value of the Agency's investment in infrastructure, and funds for ongoing repairs/replacement and/or additions to this infrastructure.

As a whole, the Agency's net position consists of three components. The net investment in capital assets totaled \$1,013,916 (23%) of the total net position as of December 31, 2021. Net investment in capital assets consists primarily of the land, buildings, and infrastructure, which are not considered to be highly liquid. The restricted net position totaled \$1,287,177 (29%), which represents monies restricted for specific purposes. The unrestricted net position totaled \$2,125,043 (48%), which represents the monies available for the ongoing operations of the Agency.

Capital Assets

On December 31, 2021, the Agency had \$1,013,916, net of accumulated depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. The capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reflected below:

	<u>2021</u>	2020	٦.	<u>2019</u>
Land and Improvements	\$ 250,400	\$ 250,400	\$	250,400
Buildings and Improvements	763,516	798,760		834,004
Machinery and Equipment	-			908
Infrastructure	=	 705,180		725,916
Total	\$ 1,013,916	\$ 1,754,340	\$	1,811,228

More detailed information about the Agency's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Future Factors

- The IDA continues to support renewable energy projects to aid in infrastructure improvements in the community.
- The IDA is exploring potential development of a new industrial park and continues to market the remaining lots at Deer Run Industrial Park.
- The IDA has identified a need in the business community for access to more grant resources. As such, the IDA will be examining potential partnerships with Seneca County Government to make more grant funding available.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency's finances for all those interested. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Seneca County Industrial Development Agency One DiPronio Drive Waterloo, New York 13165

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for 2020)

ASSETS:		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<u>Current Assets -</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,184,455	\$ 2,218,724
Cash restricted		747,654	761,632
Accounts receivable, net		-	177,826
Prepaid items		6,522	8,084
Loans receivable, net		220,710	119,077
Total Current Assets	\$	3,159,341	\$ 3,285,343
Noncurrent Assets -	1		
Loans receivable, net	\$	216,577	\$ 300,483
Investment in Industrial Park		136,584	136,584
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	353,161	\$ 437,067
<u>Capital Assets -</u>			
Land and improvements	\$	250,400	\$ 250,400
Equipment and fixtures		32,375	32,375
Accumulated depreciation - equipment and fixtures		(32,375)	(32,375)
Buildings and improvements		1,388,679	1,388,679
Accumulated depreciation - buildings and improvements		(625,163)	(589,919)
Infrastructure		_	1,036,968
Accumulated depreciation - infrastructure		-	(331,788)
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,013,916	\$ 1,754,340
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,526,418	\$ 5,476,750
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	77,987	\$ 99,313
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>			
<u>Current Liabilities -</u>			
Accounts payable	\$	25	\$ 325
PIF deposits held		34,349	38,530
Deferred Revenue		65,000	 65,000
Total Current Liabilities	\$	99,374	\$ 103,855
Noncurrent Liabilities -			
Net pension liability	\$	215	\$ 100,236
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	99,589	\$ 204,091
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	78,680	\$ 4,616
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,013,916	\$ 1,754,340
Restricted - revolving loan and industrial park		1,287,177	1,279,245
Unrestricted		2,125,043	2,333,771
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	4,426,136	\$ 5,367,356

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For Year Ended December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for 2020)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Rent and lease income	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Agency fees	34,949	235,480
Program income	11,846	14,147
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 146,795	\$ 349,627
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Personnel services and employee benefits -		
Salaries	\$ 194,092	\$ 156,693
Benefits	65,491	62,529
Pension	23,018	57,486
Contractual expenses and depreciation -		
Administrative and technical assistance	21,442	30,804
Professional fees and services	59,794	127,253
Travel and conferences	4,003	1,445
Marketing and promotion	5,000	5,000
Office, postage, copying and printing	5,378	15,674
Repairs and maintenance	4,415	11,576
Insurance	6,925	6,824
Miscellaneous	705,235	515
Depreciation	52,524	 56,888
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 1,147,317	\$ 532,687
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (1,000,522)	\$ (183,060)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
County support	\$ 54,000	\$ 54,000
Grant income	-	70,208
Interest income	5,032	19,519
Site development	270	(30,800)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	\$ 59,302	\$ 112,927
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (941,220)	\$ (70,133)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 5,367,356	 5,437,489
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,426,136	\$ 5,367,356

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For Year Ended December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for 2020)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$	2021	¢.	<u>2020</u>
Cash received from principal on revolving loans	Þ	134,949 (17,727)	\$	335,480 100,479
Cash received from interest on revolving loans - federal program income		11,991		14,147
Cash payments contractual expenses		(124,592)		(234,426)
Cash payments personal services & benefits		(285,670)		(251,557)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(281,049)	\$	(35,877)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
State support	\$	177,826	\$	-
County support		54,000		54,000
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY	_		_	
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$	231,826	\$	54,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Lowe's PIF contractor payments	\$	(4,181)	\$	(1,950)
Payments for Petro sewer line		-		(4,854)
Proceeds from sale of Hillside		-		65,000
Proceeds from sale of Deer Run				85,496
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED	Ф	(4.101)	Ф	1.42.602
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$	(4,181)	\$	143,692
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Investment in industrial park (net)	\$	270	\$	(30,800)
Interest income		4,887		19,519
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	\$	5,157	\$	(11,281)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	\$	(48,247)	\$	150,534
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,980,356		2,829,822
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	2,932,109	\$	2,980,356
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(1,000,522)	\$	(183,060)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activ	vitie	s -		
Depreciation expense	\$	52,524	\$	56,888
(Gain)/loss on disposal of sewer line		687,900		-
(Increase) / decrease in assets other than cash		(16,020)		101,394
(Increase) / decrease in deferred outflows		21,326		(40,040)
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities		(100,321)		36,271
Increase / (decrease) in deferred Inflows		74,064		(7,330)
Total Adjustments	\$	719,473	\$	147,183
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(281,049)	\$	(35,877)

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency (the Agency) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

1. Primary Government

The Seneca County Industrial Development Agency is a public benefit corporation under the mandate of Article 18-A, "New York State Industrial Development Agency Act" of New York State general municipal law. The Agency was established by a special act of the New York State Legislature on March 20, 1973. The purpose of the Agency is to advance the job opportunities, health, general prosperity, and economic welfare of the people of Seneca County and improve their recreation opportunities, prosperity and standard of living.

2. Related Entities

a. <u>Seneca County Economic Development Corporation</u> - Seneca County Economic Development Corporation (SCEDC) was reincorporated as a nonprofit local development corporation on August 31, 2000. The purposes for which the SCEDC is to be formed and operated, are exclusively for charitable purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, to relieve and reduce unemployment, promote and provide for additional and maximum employment, to better and maintain job opportunities, lessen the burdens of government and act in the public interest.

As a result of this relationship the Agency pays certain costs related to overhead for the Seneca County Economic Development Corporation.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The *Uniform System of Accounts for Industrial Development Agencies* published by the New York State Office of the State Comptroller prescribes for the use of a single fund type to record all financial transactions of the Agency. The Seneca County Industrial Development Agency has opted to report its activity within a proprietary fund type as follows:

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Fixed assets and long-term liabilities related to these activities are recorded within the fund.

The Agency applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Statements and Interpretations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARBs) of the Committee on Accounting Procedure. The Agency utilizes the following proprietary fund type:

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and /or net income is necessary for management accountability. The Agency's enterprise funds include the following:

Operating Fund - is used to account for the general operating activities of the Agency.

<u>Revolving Loan Fund</u> - represents restricted net assets to be used for making loans to existing and potential new industries located or locating operations in Seneca County, New York.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Agency's monies must be deposited in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost plus accrued interest which approximates fair value.

For purposes of presenting the statement of cash flows, the Agency considers all highly liquid short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash or cash equivalents.

D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of fees for services due from companies for services. Accounts receivable are carried on the balance sheet at net realizable value. Generally accepted accounting principles require the allowance method be used to recognize bad debts; however, the effect of using the direct write-off method is not materially different from the results that would have been obtained under the allowance method.

E. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable represents amounts loaned to various companies located in Seneca County for the purpose of fostering economic development. The Agency administers the loan program on behalf of the Economic Development Administration (EDA) which provides specific guidance the Agency must follow for administering the program.

F. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash represents cash balances from PILOT payments received and held in escrow or other bank accounts which are to be used to pay for construction costs of the PIF and to repay the principal balances for the loans related to the PILOT increment financing projects. In addition, balances in the Revolving Loan Fund are included in restricted cash.

G. Investments

The Agency's investment policy is governed by State statutes. In addition the Agency has its own written investment policies. Investments are stated at fair value as of the balance sheet date. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

H. Capital Assets

1. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction, where applicable. The Agency generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$2,500 or more as purchases and construction outlays occur. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Land Improvements/Infrastructure 50 Years
Buildings 40 Years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment 3 - 15 Years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations, while renewals and betterments are capitalized. When property and equipment are disposed of, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. The sewer line infrastructure asset will be transferred once accepted by the appropriate taxing jurisdiction now that the PILOT increment financing agreement is complete.

I. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time..

J. Net Position

GASB requires the classification of net position into three components as defined below:

- 1. **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Capital assets purchased with available funds and grants.
- **Restricted** Consists of net position restricted for the investment in industrial park and net position restricted for the Revolving Loan Fund.
- 3. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> Represents monies available for the future operations of the Agency.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. Revenue Recognition

Revenues from Agency fees are recognized at the time the revenue bonds are issued or when sales tax exemptions are granted and letters issued to the beneficiary.

M. <u>Income Taxes</u>

As a public benefit corporation, the Agency is exempt from federal and state income taxes, as well as state and local property and sales taxes.

N. Budget

The Agency is not required to have a legally adopted budget. However, under the Public Authorities Law, the Agency Board must approve and issue a budget on an annual basis representing The Agency's objectives and priorities for the year.

O. New Accounting Standards

The Agency has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At December 31, 2021, the Agency implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 89 Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.

GASB has issued Statement 93 Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates Paragraphs 13 and 14.

P. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 87 *Leases*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 91 *Conduct Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 92 *Omnibus 2020 Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 93 Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement 93 Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates Paragraph 11b, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement 94 *Public-Privatee and Public-Public Partnerships and Available Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement 96 *Subscription Based Information Technology*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement 97 Certain Component Unit Criteria and Accounting and Financial Report for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

The Agency is currently studying these statements and plans on adoption as required.

II. Detail Notes on All Funds and Account Groups:

A. Assets

1. <u>Cash and Investments</u>

The Agency's investment policies are governed by state statutes. In addition, the Agency has its own written investment policy. The Agency's monies must be deposited in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The Treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

For purposes of reporting cash flow, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and near their maturity. The Combined Statement of Cash Flows uses the indirect method of reporting cash flows.

Deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance. The investments are not currently insured or collateralized. Deposits and investments consisted of:

Deposits - All deposits including certificates of deposit are carried at cost.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. While the Agency does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the Agency's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes.

The Agency's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

	<u>202</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>2020</u>	
Uncollateralized	\$	-	\$	-
Collateralized with securities held by the				
pledging financial institution			1,158,2	33
Total	\$	-	\$ 1,158,2	33

2. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash represents the following:

- a. Cash held from non-recourse debt to be used to pay construction costs for the Lowe's project.
- **b.** Cash held from license fees to be used to fund project costs or to be returned to Agency.
- **c.** Cash balances in the Revolving Loan Fund.

The following is a summary of restricted cash:

	<u>2021</u>	<u> 2020</u>
Lowe's PIF Project Funds	\$ 34,349	\$ 38,531
Revolving Loan Fund	 713,305	 723,101
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 747,654	\$ 761,632

3. Receivables

The balance of accounts receivable is stated at net realizable value and at year end is comprised of the following:

	<u>202</u>	<u>21</u>	<u> 2020</u>
Due From State	_\$		\$ 177,826
Total Current Receivable, Net	\$		\$ 177,826

4. <u>Investment in Industrial Park</u>

Deer Run Corporate Park represents one of the Agency's investments in the future economic development of the County. The Industrial Park consists of approximately 27.76 acres of land in which the Agency has invested significant resources to provide the needed infrastructure for the promotion of economic development. The following is a summary of the Agency's investment in the Industrial Park:

	<u>2021</u>			<u>2020</u>		
Deer Run Park	\$	136,584		\$	136,584	
Total	\$	136,584		\$	136,584	

5. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets for the Agency at December 31, 2021:

	Balance						Balance
<u>Type</u>	<u>1/1/21</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	Deletions		12/31/21	
Capital assets not being Depreciated:							
Land & improvements	\$ 250,400	\$	-	\$		\$	250,400
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 250,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$	250,400
Other capital assets:	 _		_	<u> </u>			
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,388,679	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,388,679
Machinery and equipment	32,375		-		-		32,375
Infrastructure	1,036,968		<u>-</u>		(1,036,968)		-
Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$ 2,458,022	\$	-	\$	(1,036,968)	\$	1,421,054
Less accumulated depreciation for:	 						
Buildings and improvements	\$ 589,919	\$	35,244	\$	-	\$	625,163
Machinery and equipment	32,375		-		-		32,375
Infrastructure	331,788		17,280		(349,068)		-
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 954,082	\$	52,524	\$	(349,068)	\$	657,538
Other capital assets, net	\$ 1,503,940	\$	(52,524)	\$	(687,900)	\$	763,516
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,754,340	\$	(52,524)	\$	(687,900)	\$	1,013,916

The Agency had previously reported \$1,036,968 in infrastructure assets relating to a sewer line. This asset was the result of the PILOT increment financing arrangement (PIF) entered into by the Agency which indicated that title to these assets remains with the IDA until the PIF is completed. Now that the PIF is complete the Board authorized the transfer of the sewer lines and title was transferred in 2021.

III. Loan Funds:

A. Revolving Loan Funds

A common function of the Agency is to administer revolving loan funds for the purpose of fostering economic development. The source of funds to finance the loan payment may be from state, federal, or private grants, or from funds of the Agency itself. Whether the loan funds are restricted by a grant agreement or funded from Agency monies, they are established directly from retained earnings and reported as a reservation of retained earnings. Thus, grants received from outside sources which will be used to make loans from a revolving fund are recorded as "non-operating revenue". Loans to commercial enterprises and principal repayments are not recorded through revenue and expense. Any interest income is restricted to make future loans and is credited to revenues and closed to the reserved retained earnings.

B. <u>Maturity Schedules</u>

The Revolving Loan Fund has notes receivable from various Seneca County businesses at December 31, 2021. The notes bear interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% and mature at various dates through 2026. Scheduled future principal payments on these notes are as follows at December 31, 2021:

			1	Amount
Date of	Date of	Interest	Ou	ıtstanding
<u>Issuance</u>	Maturity	Rate	<u>12</u>	2/31/2021
2011	2026	2.44%	\$	130,913
2018	2023	3.56%		129,640
2021	2031	2.44%		176,734
Subtotal			\$	437,287
Less: Current l	Portion			(220,710)
Total Long-Term Notes Receivable			\$	216,577

An allowance for potential loans losses is established based upon a review of the repayment status of outstanding loans.

Maturities of the notes receivable are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Note	<u>s</u>
2022	\$ 118	,792
2023	103	,380
2024	47	,984
2025	49	,168
2026	28	,986
Thereafter		,977
Total	\$ 437	,287

C. Industrial Revenue Bonds

Bonds authorized by the Agency and issued through various lending institutions are designated as special obligations of the Agency and are payable solely from the revenues and other assets pledged as collateral against the bonds. While in most instances the Agency is the holder of legal title to properties acquired with industrial revenue bond financing until such point in time as the construction of property improvements has been completed or satisfaction of the obligation has been effected in full, the Agency does not act as a guarantor in the event of default. Accordingly, recourse on the part of the lending institution against the Agency is limited to collateralized properties and revenues as specified in the body of the applicable financing agreement. Additionally, in each of these financing arrangements, the Agency has assigned all rights to receive certain revenues derived with respect to the facilities it has financed to the holders of the industrial revenue bonds. As a consequence, the Agency does not reflect such bonds or related properties on these financial statements. The assumption of legal title by the Agency is accomplished through sale-lease back arrangements and installment sales.

Agency fees earned were \$34,949 and \$235,480 during the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 respectively.

At December 31, 2021, the Agency has outstanding no induced bond projects and 24 lease projects. During the year the Agency did not induce any sales tax exemption projects.

IV. Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTS):

A significant inducement in Agency projects is exemption from real property, sales, and mortgage taxes. By law, all property titled to the Agency is exempt from these taxes. In practice, however, payments in lieu of taxes (PILOTS) are often negotiated with the private developer. PILOTS may represent full or partial remuneration to one or more of the real property tax jurisdictions involved.

The Agency is responsible for tracking all PILOT payments whether made by the Agency in connection with property it owns or made directly to the taxing authorities by the organizations participating in the program. A total of 24 organizations participated in the PILOTS program and payments in excess of \$1,880,000 were administered by the Agency and distributed to other local governments for the year ended December 31, 2021.

V. <u>Lease Agreement</u>:

On September 14, 2020 the Agency entered into a sales agreement for the property formerly occupied by Hillside at the Seneca Army Depot. Contemporaneously, the Agency entered into a lease agreement with the buyer which allows the buyer to occupy the space until title is transferred in satisfaction of the sales agreement. Under the terms of the lease, the Buyer paid a deposit of \$65,000 representing the sales price of the property. The Agency has recorded a deferred revenue for this balance, which will be recognized as revenue when title is transferred during 2022.

VI. Leaseback Agreement:

During 2015 the Agency entered into a sale leaseback agreement with Del Lago Resort & Casino, LLC, under which the Agency received a leasehold interest in the property under development and leases the property to the Titleholder (lessee). The Agency has contracted for a payment-in-lieu-of-tax agreement between the lessee and participating municipalities. All risks associated with property ownership and business activities on the property remain with the lessee. The Agency will collect \$1,000,000 of annual rental payments of \$100,000 through June 1, 2024, as well as lease payments of \$1 per year through December 31, 2038 under this agreement. Annual payments of \$100,000 have been collected by the Agency during 2021 and 2020.

VII. General Information and Pension Plans:

A. General Information About Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The Agency participates in the New York State Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit retirement system. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Agency also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244.

2. Benefits Provided

The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tier 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 3, 4, 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have ten years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4, and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with ten or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4, and 5 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have ten years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age of Tier 6 is 63 and ERS members.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with ten or more years of service can retire as early as 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

Ordinary Disability Benefits

Generally, ordinary disability benefits, usually one-third of salary, are provided to eligible members after ten years of service; in some cases, they are provided after five years of service.

Accidental Disability Benefits

For all eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 ERS and PFRS members, the accidental disability benefit is a pension of 75 percent of final average salary, with an offset for any Workers' Compensation benefits received. The benefit for eligible Tier 3, 4, 5, and 6 members is the ordinary disability benefit with the years-of-service eligibility requirement dropped.

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for ten years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

3. Contributions

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 (ERS) who generally contribute 3 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. For Tier 6 members, the contribution rate varies from 3 percent to 6 percent depending on salary. Generally, Tier 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly, used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' financial year ending March 31. Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Prepayment	
Due Date	ERS
12/15/2021	\$ 26,087
12/15/2020	\$ 32,335
12/15/2019	\$ 35,995

B. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the Agency reported a liability of \$215 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Agency's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At December 31, 2021, the Agency's proportion was 0.0002160% percent for ERS.

For the year ended December 31, 2021 the Agency recognized pension expense of \$13,123. At December 31, 2021, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
\$	2,627	\$	-	
	39,546		746	
	-		61,784	
		>		
	23,673		16,150	
\$	65,846	\$	78,680	
	12,141		-	
\$	77,987	\$	78,680	
	<u>of I</u>	\$ 2,627 39,546 \$ 23,673 \$ 65,846 12,141	of Resources of F \$ 2,627 \$ 39,546 \$ 23,673 \$ \$ 65,846 \$ 12,141 \$	

The Agency reported \$12,141 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

٩	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
	2022	\$ 1,018
7	2023	1,397
	2024	(2,393)
	2025	 (12,856)
	Total	\$ (12,834)

1. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS
Measurement date	March 31, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2020
Interest rate	5.90%
Salary scale	4.40%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2019.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Nate of Neturn				
	<u>ERS</u>			
Measurement date	March 31, 2021			
Asset Type -				
Domestic equity	4.05%			
International equity	6.30%			
Private equity	6.75%			
Real estate	5.95%			
Absolute return strategies *	4.50%			
Opportunistic portfolios	4.50%			
Real assets	5.95%			
Cash	0.50%			
Credit	3.63%			

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2%

2. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

^{*} Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and internal equity.

3. <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption</u>

The following presents the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.9%) or 1-percentagepoint higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

		Cı	urrent	
	Decrease (4.9%)		umption 5.9%)	Increase <u>(6.9%)</u>
Employer's proportionate				
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (59,698)	\$	(215)	\$ 54,642

4. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(Ir	Thousands)
		ERS
Measurement date	M	arch 31, 2021
Employers' total pension liability	\$	220,680,157
Plan net position		220,580,583
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(99,574)
Ratio of plan net position to the		
employers' total pension asset/(liability)		99.95%

VIII. Commitments and Contingencies:

A. Pending or Threatened Litigation

As of the date of this report management is not aware of any pending litigation.

B. Grants and Contracts

The Agency receives various grants and contracts, which may be subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal government. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. As of the audit report date management is not aware of any disallowances.

C. Grant Awards

The Agency has received various grant award notifications for projects which will take place subsequent to the audit report date.

IX. Net Position:

A. Restricted

Restricted net position consists of the following as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Restricted for Investment in Industrial Park	\$ 136,584	\$ 136,584
Restricted for Revolving Loan Fund	1,150,593	1,142,661
Total Restricted	\$ 1,287,177	\$ 1,279,245

B. Unrestricted

As part of the long-term planning of the Agency, the Board authorized the retention of 25% of new tax increments resulting from empire zone benefits. These funds will be used by the Agency to fund public or quasi public projects that are under the sponsorship of the Agency. These funds are reported as a component of the unrestricted net assets as follows:

Unrestricted - Designated	\$ 2021 508,992	\$	2020 474,043
Unrestricted - Undesignated	1,616,051		1,859,728
Total Unrestricted	\$ 2,125,043	\$	2,333,771
		_	

X. Related Parties:

The Agency entered into two bond purchase agreements and building loan contracts which contain clauses relating to financial institutions in which two Board members have a financial relationship. The Board members recuse themselves from all actions and discussions relating to those contracts.

XI. Supplemental Schedule 4:

As required by the NYS Comptroller's Office, the Agency has included project information on Supplemental **Schedule 4, pages 32 through 60.** The job information which has not been audited is only reported for agencies who have entered into a direct agreement with the IDA.

XII. COVID-19

On January 30,2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Agency's financial condition, liquidity, budgetary projections and future results of operation. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, budgetary projections, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Agency is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its budgetary projections, results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for year 2022.

Required Supplemental Information SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York

SCHEDULE OF THE AGENCY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (UNAUDITED)

For Year Ended December 31, 2021

NYSERS Pension Plan

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		2019		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.	0002160%	0	.0003785%	0.	0004041%	0.0	0004290%	0.0004186%	0.	0005157%	0.0	0005175%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$	215	\$	100,236	\$	28,630	\$	13,844	\$ 39,333	\$	82,778	\$	17,484
Covered-employee payroll	\$	119,232	\$	140,507	\$	166,566	\$	215,059	\$ 212,058	\$	232,544	\$	241,973
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.180%		71.339%		17.188%	Y	6.437%	18.548%		35.597%		7.226%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%	94.70%		90.70%		97.90%

10 years of historical information is not available and will be reported each year going forward (See Independent Auditors' Report)

Required Supplemental Information SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York

SCHEDULE OF AGENCY CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

For Year Ended December 31, 2021

NVSERS Pension Plan

NYSERS Pension Plan							
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required							
contributions	\$ 22,436	\$ 28,094	\$ 25,774	\$ 26,203	\$ 37,587	\$ 44,942	\$ 46,801
Contributions in relation to							
the contractually required							
contribution	(22,436)	(28,094)	(25,774)	(26,203)	(37,587)	(44,942)	(46,801)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 119,232	\$ 140,507	\$ 166,566	\$ 215,059	\$ 212,058	\$ 232,544	\$ 241,973
Contributions as a percentage							
of covered-employee payroll	18.82%	19.99%	15.47%	12.18%	17.72%	19.33%	19.34%

10 years of historical information is not available and will be reported each year going forward (See Independent Auditors' Report)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	C	perating	R	evolving		Total
Current Assets -		Fund	Lo	oan Fund		<u>2021</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,184,455	\$	-	\$	2,184,455
Cash restricted		34,348		713,306		747,654
Prepaid items		6,522		-		6,522
Loans receivable, net		-		220,710		220,710
Total Current Assets	\$	2,225,325	\$	934,016	\$	3,159,341
Noncurrent Assets -						
Loans receivable, net	\$	_	\$	216,577	\$	216,577
Investment in Industrial Park		136,584		<u>-</u> _		136,584
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	136,584	\$	216,577	\$	353,161
Capital Assets -						
Land and improvements	\$	250,400	\$	-	\$	250,400
Equipment and fixtures		32,375		-		32,375
Accumulated depreciation - equipment and fixtures		(32,375)		-		(32,375)
Buildings and improvements		1,388,679		-		1,388,679
Accumulated depreciation - buildings and improvements		(625,163)		=_		(625,163)
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,013,916	\$	-	\$	1,013,916
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,375,825	\$	1,150,593	\$	4,526,418
DEFENDED OVERLOWS OF DESCRIPTION						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	ф	77.007	Ф		Ф	77.007
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	77,987	\$		\$	77,987
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities -						
Accounts payable	\$	25	\$	_	\$	25
PIF deposits held	,	34,349	•	-	,	34,349
Deferred Revenue		65,000		_		65,000
Total Current Liabilities	\$	99,374	\$	-	\$	99,374
Noncurrent Liabilities -		<u> </u>				
Net pension liability	\$	215	\$	-	\$	215
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	215	\$		\$	215
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	99,589	\$		\$	99,589
DEFENDED INEL OWG OF DECOLIDERS						
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</u>	ф	70.600	Ф		Ф	70.600
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	78,680	\$	-		78,680
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,013,916	\$	=	\$	1,013,916
Restricted - revolving loan and industrial park		136,584		1,150,593		1,287,177
Unrestricted		2,125,043		· -		2,125,043
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,275,543	\$	1,150,593	\$	4,426,136

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Operating		Revolving		Total
OPERATING REVENUES:		Fund	<u>I</u>	oan Fund	<u>2021</u>
Rent and lease income	\$	100,000	\$	_	\$ 100,000
Agency fees		34,699		250	34,949
Program income		-		11,846	11,846
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$	134,699	\$	12,096	\$ 146,795
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel services and employee benefits -					
Salaries	\$	194,092	\$	-	\$ 194,092
Benefits		65,491		-	65,491
Pension		23,018		-	23,018
Contractual expenses and depreciation -					
Administrative and technical assistance		21,442		-	21,442
Professional fees and services		55,485		4,309	59,794
Travel and conferences		4,003		-	4,003
Marketing and promotion		5,000		-	5,000
Office, postage, copying and printing		5,378		-	5,378
Repairs and maintenance		4,415		-	4,415
Insurance		6,925		-	6,925
Miscellaneous		705,235		-	705,235
Depreciation		52,524			 52,524
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$	1,143,008	\$	4,309	\$ 1,147,317
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(1,008,309)	\$	7,787	\$ (1,000,522)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
County support	\$	54,000	\$	-	\$ 54,000
Interest income		4,887		145	5,032
Site development in Deer Park		270		-	 270
TOTAL NONOPERATING				_	
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	\$	59,157	\$	145	\$ 59,302
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	\$	(949,152)	\$	7,932	\$ (941,220)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,224,695		1,142,661	5,367,356
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	3,275,543	\$	1,150,593	\$ 4,426,136

COMBINING STATEMENT CASH FLOWS

For Year Ended December 31, 2021

CACH ELOWS EDOM OBEDATING ACTIVITIES.	(Operating Fund		evolving oan Fund		Total 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from providing services	\$	134,699	\$	250	\$	134,949
Cash received from principal on revolving loans	Φ	134,099	Φ	(17,727)	Φ	(17,727)
Cash received from interest on revolving loans - federal program income		_		11,991		11,991
Cash payments contractual expenses		(120,283)		(4,309)		(124,592)
Cash payments personal services & benefits		(285,670)		(1,507)		(285,670)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(271,254)	\$	(9,795)	\$	(281,049)
· · ·	Ψ	(271,201)	Ψ	(3,733)	Ψ	(201,019)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON - CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	\$	177,826	¢.		\$	177 926
State support County support	D	54,000	\$	-	Э	177,826 54,000
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NON-CAPITAL		34,000				34,000
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	· ·	231,826	\$		\$	231,826
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Φ	231,820	Φ		Φ	231,820
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	Ф	(4.101)	Φ.		ф	(4.101)
Lowe's PIF contractor payments	\$	(4,181)	\$		\$	(4,181)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED	Ф	(4.101)	ø		¢.	(4.101)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$	(4,181)	\$		\$	(4,181)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Investment in industrial park (net)	\$	270	\$	_	\$	270
Interest income		4,887		-		4,887
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	\$	5,157	\$	_	\$	5,157
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	\$	(38,452)	\$	(9,795)	\$	(48,247)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,257,255		723,101		2,980,356
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	2,218,803	\$	713,306	\$	2,932,109
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(1,008,309)	\$	7,787	\$	(1,000,522)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Flows						
from Operating Activities -						
Depreciation expense	\$	52,524	\$	_	\$	52,524
(Gain)/loss on disposal of sewer line	Ψ	687,900	Ψ	_	Ψ	687,900
(Increase) / decrease in assets other than cash		1,562		(17,582)		(16,020)
(Increase) / decrease in deferred outflows		21,326		-		21,326
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities		(100,321)		-		(100,321)
Increase / (decrease) in deferred Inflows		74,064		-		74,064
Total Adjustments	\$	737,055	\$	(17,582)	\$	719,473
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(271,254)	\$	(9,795)	\$	(281,049)

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Seneca County Industrial Development Agency A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York, (Agency) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated _________, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Agency's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rochester,	New	York
	. 20	22

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Seneca County Industrial Development Agency A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York

We have examined the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency (the Agency), a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York (the Agency)'s compliance with its own investment guidelines, the New York State Comptroller's Investment Guidelines, or Section 2925 of the New York State Public Authorities Law (collectively, investment guidelines) during the period January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021. Management of the Agency is responsible for the Agency's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Agency's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Agency complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Agency complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depending on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Agency's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Agency complied, in all material respects, with its own investment guidelines, the New York State Comptroller's Investment Guidelines, or Section 2925 of the New York State Public Authorities Law (collectively, investment guidelines) during the period January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021.

Rochester,	New	York
,	2022	

SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY A Component Unit of Seneca County

NEW YORK

COMMUNICATING INTERNAL CONTROL RELATED MATTERS IDENTIFIED IN AN AUDIT

For Year Ended December 31, 2021

		2	02	2

To the Board of Directors Seneca County Industrial Development Agency A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, a Component Unit of Seneca County, New York as of and for the year ended December 31 2021, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we considered Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Agency's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated _______, 2022 on the financial statements of the Agency. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. Our comments are summarized as follows:

Current Year Deficiency in Internal Control:

Cash -

During our examination of the Agency's bank deposits we noted that the Agency did not have a custodial agreement with one of its banks as required under its investment policy. As of December 31, 2021, the deposits in that bank were undercollateralized by \$30,437.

It is our understanding that management is working with the bank to get a custodial agreement in place as of the date of this report.

Prior Year Recommendations:

There were no recommendations from the prior year.

We believe that implementation of these recommendation swill provide the Agency with a stronger system of internal control while also making its operations more efficient. We will be happy to discuss the details of these recommendations with you at your convenience.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board, audit committee, and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

* *

We wish to express our appreciation to all client personnel for the courtesies extended to us during the course of our examination.

Rochester, New York _____, 2022

IDA SINGLE AUDIT

SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY A Component Unit of Seneca County

NEW YORK

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

For Year Ended December 31, 2021

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Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Seneca County Industrial Development Agency A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and have issued our report thereon, dated _______, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Rochester,	New	York
	. 20	22

SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY A Component Unit of Seneca County

NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

			Pass-Through		
Grantor / Pass - Through Agency	CFDA	Grantor	Agency		Total
Federal Award Cluster / Program	Number	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Ex</u>	<u>penditures</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE:					
<u>Indirect:</u>					
Passed Through NYS Dept. of Commerce -					
Economic Development Cluster -					
Revolving Loan Fund	11.307	N/A	N/A	\$	779,559 *
Total Economic Develoment Cluster				\$	779,559
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				\$	779,559
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERA	L AWARI	DS		\$	779,559

^{*} Major Program

SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY A Component Unit of Seneca County

NEW YORK

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

December 31, 2021

1. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Seneca County Industrial Development Agency, A Component Unit of Seneca County, New York (the Agency) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirement's, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Agency, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the GAAP basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

3. Indirect Costs:

The Agency has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. Indirect costs are included in the reported expenditures to the extent they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented.

4. Loans Outstanding:

The Agency had the following loan balances outstanding at December 31, 2021. The outstanding loan balances are included in the federal expenditures presented in the schedule:

	Federai		
Program	CFDA	A	Amount
<u>Title</u>	Number	<u>Ou</u>	tstanding
U.S. Department of Commerce:			
Revolving Loan Program	11.307	\$	437,287

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5. Revolving Loan Fund:

The federal expenditures were determined by the Agency using a formula contained in the original Economic Development Agency (EDA) loan agreement. The federal financial assistance reported on the schedule is determined as follows:

Cash	\$ 713,306
Outstanding loans receivable, 12/31/21	437,287
Administrative cost allowance	 4,309
Subtotal	\$ 1,154,902
Sum of EDA dollars/Total project dollars	 0.675
	 779,559

SENECA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY A Component Unit of Seneca County

NEW YORK

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

December 31, 2021

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

a)	Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified.
b)	Internal control over financial reporting	
	 Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiency(ies) identified 	No. No.

c) Noncompliance material to financial statements noted

No.

Federal Awards

a) Internal control over major programs

1.	Material weaknesses identified	No.
2.	Significant deficiency(ies) identified	No.

b) Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified.

c) Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)

No.

d) Identification of major programs

CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Clu	ster
Economic Developmen	nt Cluster	
CFDA #11.307	Revolving Loan Fund	

e) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$750,000.

f) Auditee qualifies as low-risk auditee Yes.

II. Financial Statement Findings

There were no current year findings and there were no prior year findings.

III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no current year findings or questioned costs and there were no prior year findings or questioned costs.

IDA Long Term Financial Plan March 2022

IDA / <u>WORST</u> CASE - KNOW	/N REVENUES	ONLY AGAIN	NST BUDGET	ED EXPENS	ES			
Operating Revenues	Cash on Hand as of 1/1/2022	Budget <u>2022</u>	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Agency Fees		1,453,750	36,500	36,500	36,500	36,500	36,500	36,500
Rental Income (lago)		100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	0	0	0
Other Operating Revenues		110,883	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Total Operating Revenues		1,664,633	138,500	138,500	138,500	38,500	38,500	38,500
Operating Expenditures								
Salaries and Wages		347,592	358,020	368,760	379,823	391,218	402,954	415,043
Prof. Fees/Conf/Marketing		112,794	116,178	119,663	123,253	126,951	130,759	134,682
Other Operating Expenditures		45,720	47,092	48,504	49,959	51,458	53,002	54,592
Total Operating Expenditures		506,106	214,575	536,928	553,036	569,627	586,716	604,317
Cash Increase (Decrease)		1,158,527	-76,075	-398,428	-414,536	-531,127	-548,216	-565,817
Operating Cash Available	1,904,019	3,062,546	2,986,471	2,588,043	2,173,508	1,642,381	1,094,165	528,348

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IDA Long Term Financial Plan March 2022

IDA / FORECASTING \$400K	INCOME							
Operating Revenues	Cash on Hand as of 1/1/2022	Budget _2022	2023	2024	2025	<u>2026</u>	2027	<u>2028</u>
Agency Fees		1,453,750	244,000	244,000	244,000	344,000	344,000	344,000
Rental Income		100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	0	0	0,000
Other Operating Revenues		110,883	56,000	56,000	56,000	56,000	56,000	56,000
Total Operating Revenues		1,664,633	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000
Operating Expenditures								
Salaries and Wages		347,592	358,020	368,760	379,823	391,218	402,954	415,043
Prof. Fees/Conf/Marketing		112,794	116,178	119,663	123,253	126,951	130,759	134,682
Other Operating Expenditures		45,720	47,092	48,504	49,959	51,458	53,002	54,592
Total Operating Expenditures		506,106	521,289	536,928	553,036	569,627	586,716	604,317
Cash Increase (Decrease)		1,158,527	-121,289	-136,928	-153,036	-169,627	-186,716	-204,317
Cash Available	1,904,019	3,062,546	2,941,257	2,804,329	2,651,293	2,481,667	2,294,951	2,090,634
* Deviation from actua	al budget to accom	modate \$400K	operating rev	renue analysis				

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